#### 26 - 28 May 2024

# The post-pandemic insurance landscape: Eastern Europe

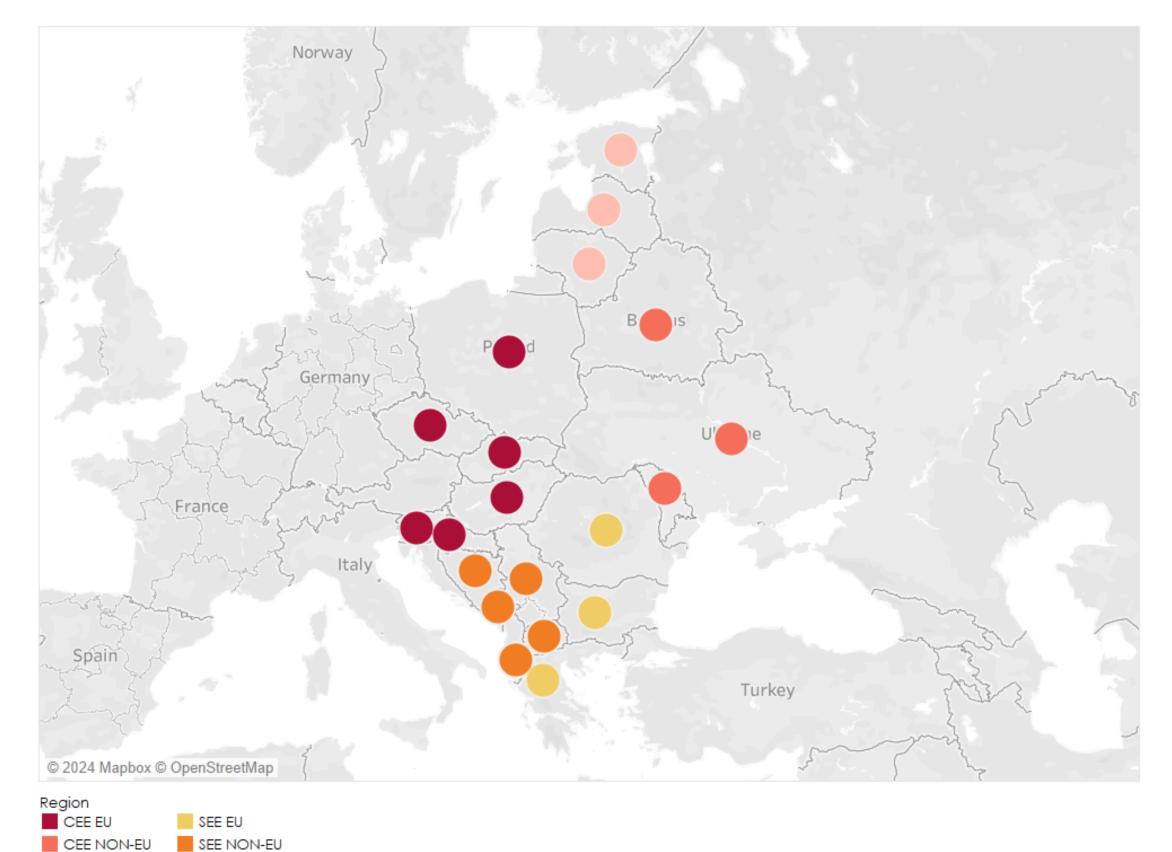
Bojan Srbinoski University St. Kliment Ohridski Bitola (UKLO) Eastern European Risk and Insurance Association (EERIA)





## Agenda

>	The scope	>	Claims to GWP
>	Non-life insurance markets	>	Market concentration
>	Life insurance markets	>	Efficiency and profitability
>	Market portfolio	>	Financial inclusion and underwriting
>	Claims		
		>	Macrooutlook



NEE

## The Scope

5 regions - 21 countries

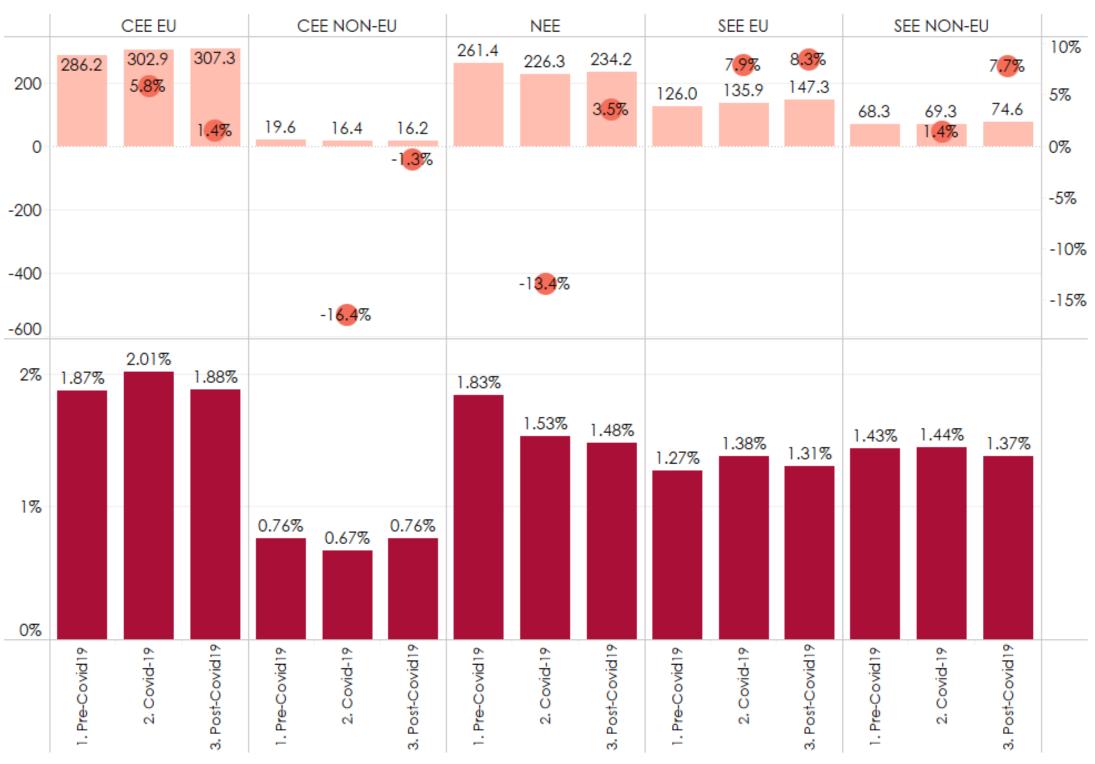
Three sub-periods: 1) Pre-Covid-

19 (2017 -2019); 2) Covid-19

(2020); 3) Post-Covid-19 (2021-2022)

## Non-life premiums per capita (inflation-adjusted) and as a % of GDP

- The South performed well during and after Covid-19
- The CEE markets fairly stable
- The North struggling to revive



Measure Names

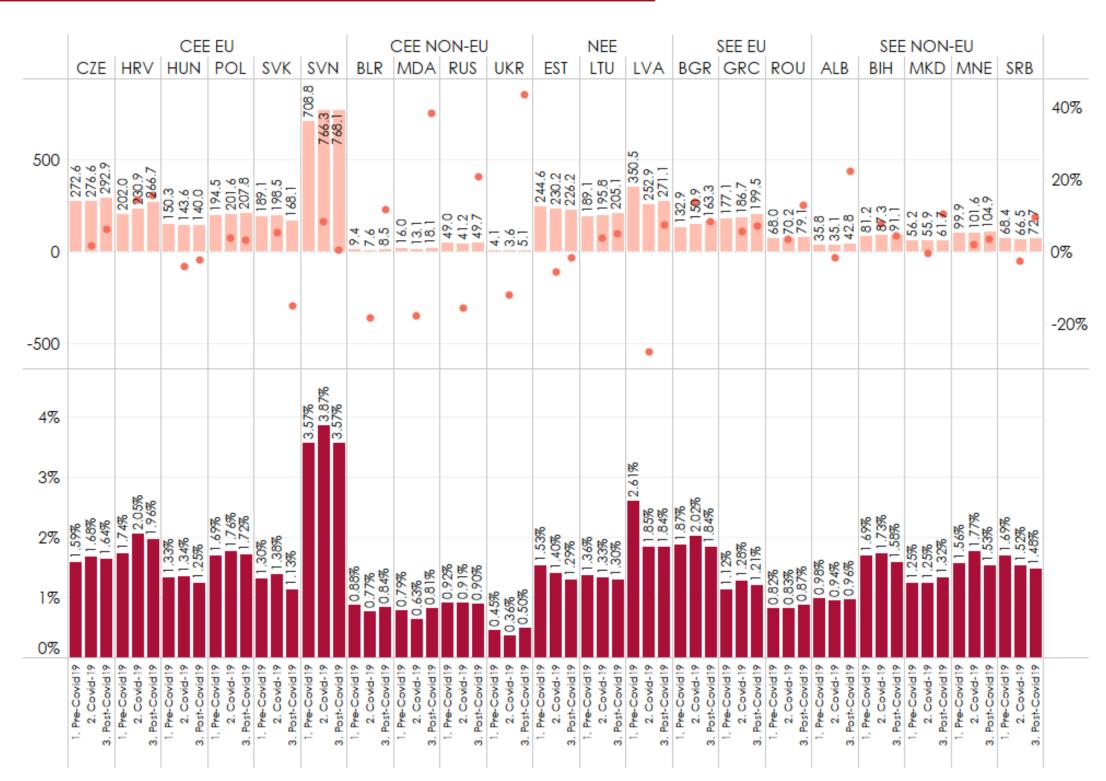
Average non-life GWP per capita (EUR) (inflation-adjusted) (left axis)

Percentage change (non-life) (right axis)

Average non-life GWP to GDP (%)

### Non-life premiums per capita (inflationadjusted) and as a % of GDP (by country)

## Non-life



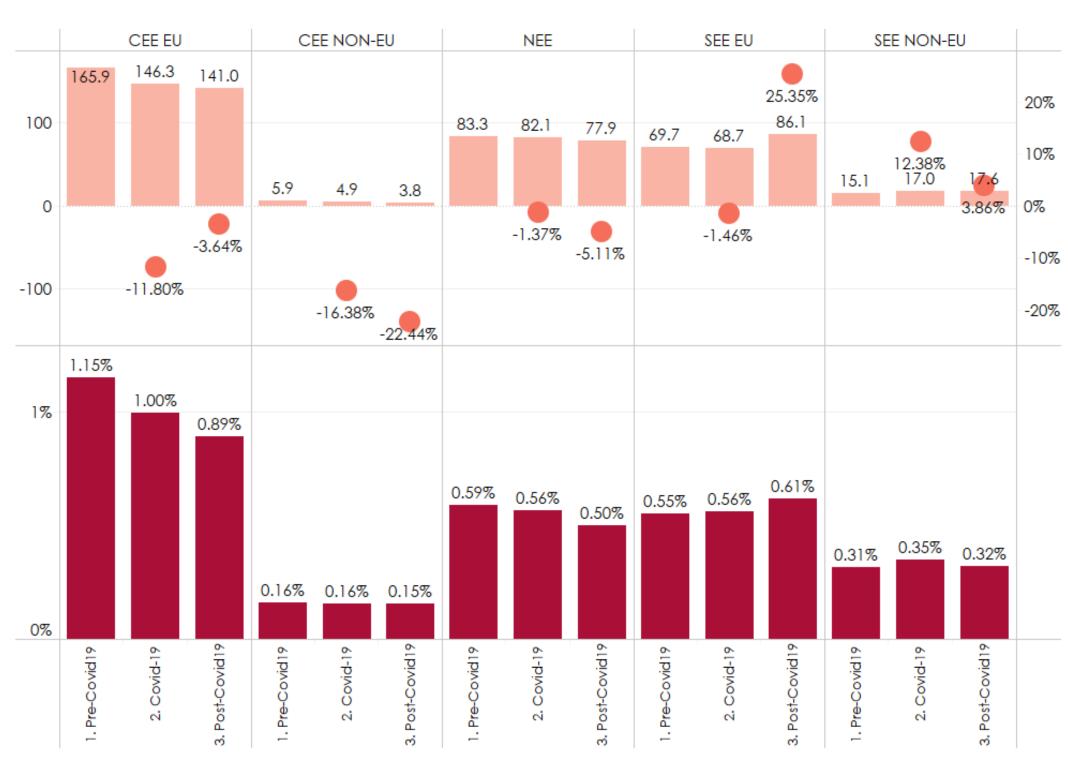
- CEE EU: Slovenia on the top
- despite the sluggish revival;
  Croatia catching up!
  - **CEE NON-EU: Heavily**
- underdeveloped, but with significant post-pandemic rebound
- NEE: Estonia and Latvia still struggling
- SEE EU: Stable post-pandemic growth, especially Romania
- SEE NON-EU: Despite the heavy rebound, decreasing importance of insurance in the Serbian economy

#### Measure Names

- Average non-life GWP per capita (EUR) (inflation-adjusted) (left axis)
- Percentage change (non-life) (right axis)
- Average non-life GWP to GDP (%)

## Life premiums per capita (inflation-adjusted) and as a % of GDP

- The South performed better during and after Covid-19
- The CEE markets heavily
- impacted (CEE EU: GWP as a % of GDP below 1%)
- The North fairly impacted with significant post-pandemic decline



Measure Names

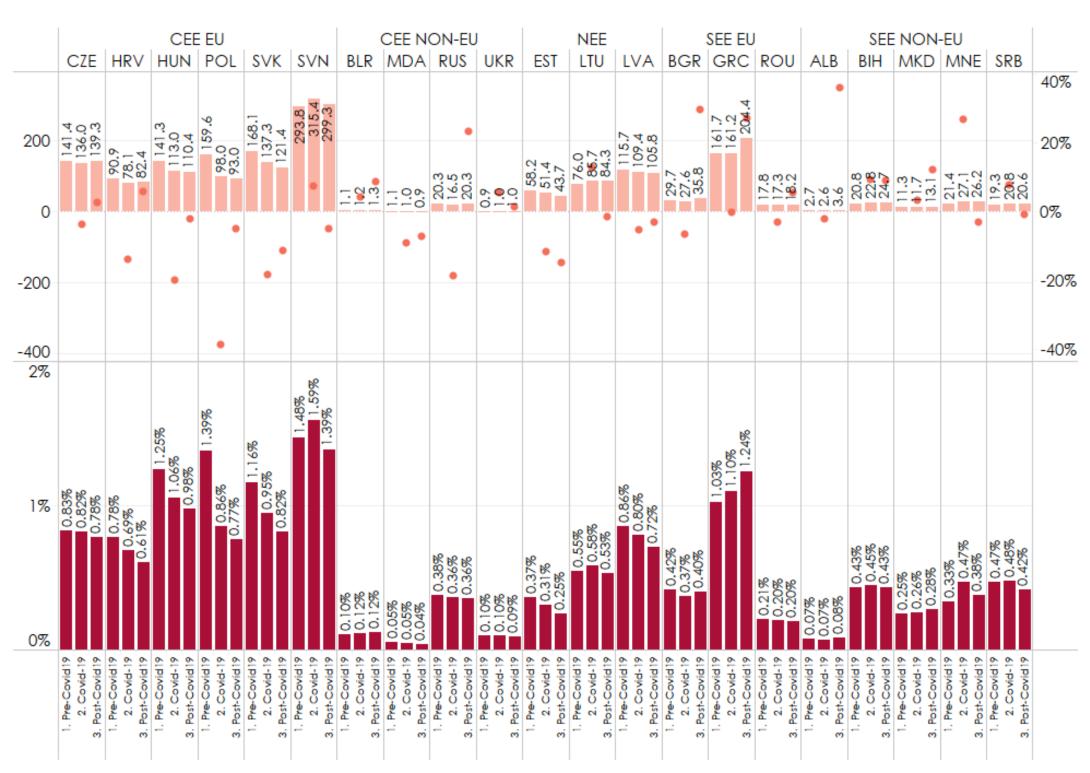
Average life GWP per capita (EUR) (inflation-adjusted) (left axis)

Average life GWP to GDP (%)

Percentage change (life) (right axis)

## Life premiums per capita (inflation-adjusted) and as a % of GDP (by country)

## Life



CEE EU: Hungary, Poland,
Slovakia and Slovenia still in

negative territory

- CEE NON-EU: Significant post-pandemic rebound for Russia
- NEE: Estonia and Latvia with decreasing tendencies
  - SEE EU: Greece and Bulgaria
- with significant positive tendencies
  - SEE NON-EU: Despite the positive
- tendencies, without significant changes

Measure Names

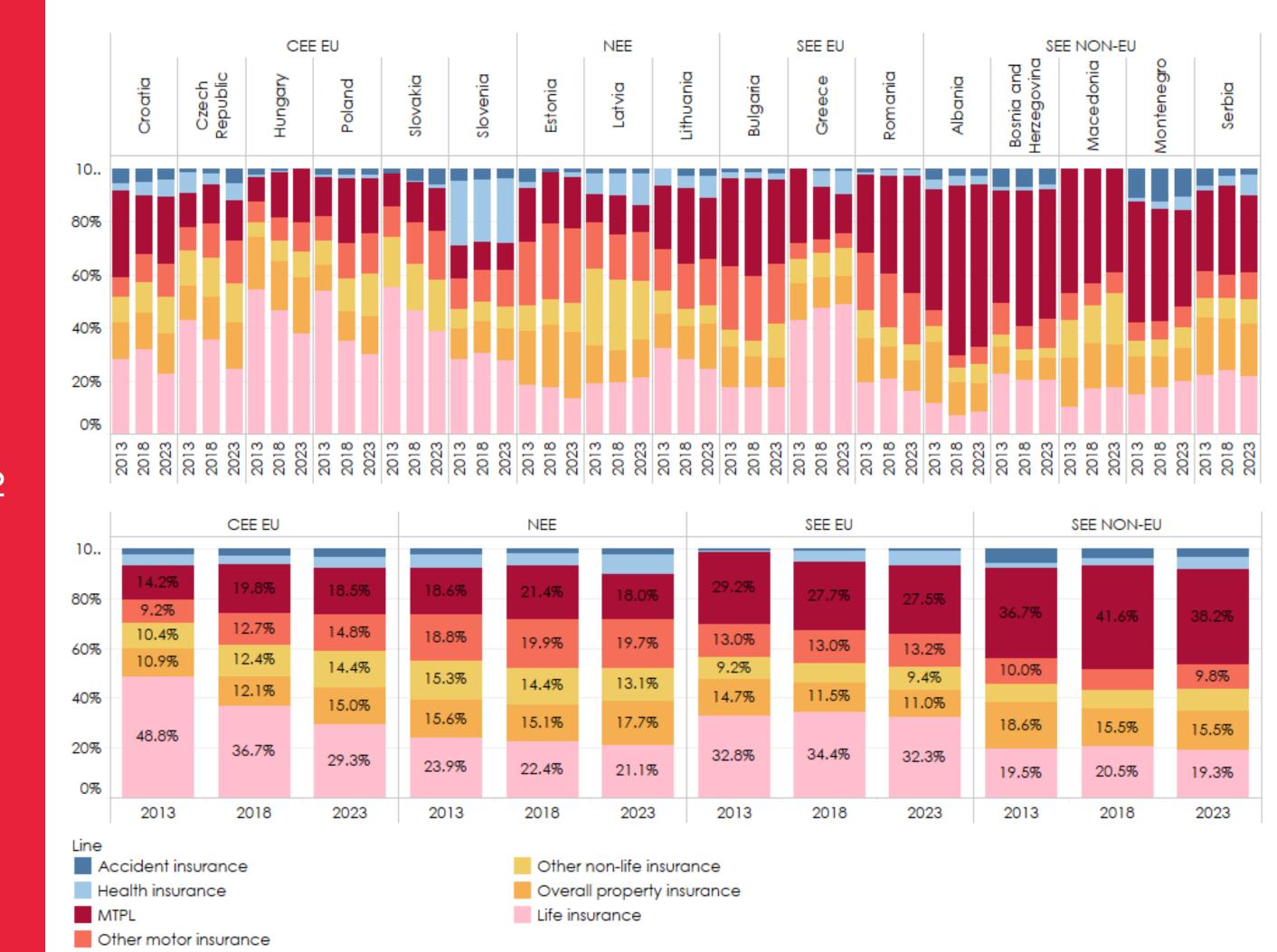
Average life GWP per capita (EUR) (inflation-adjusted) (left axis)

Average life GWP to GDP (%)

Percentage change (life) (right axis)

## Market portfolio

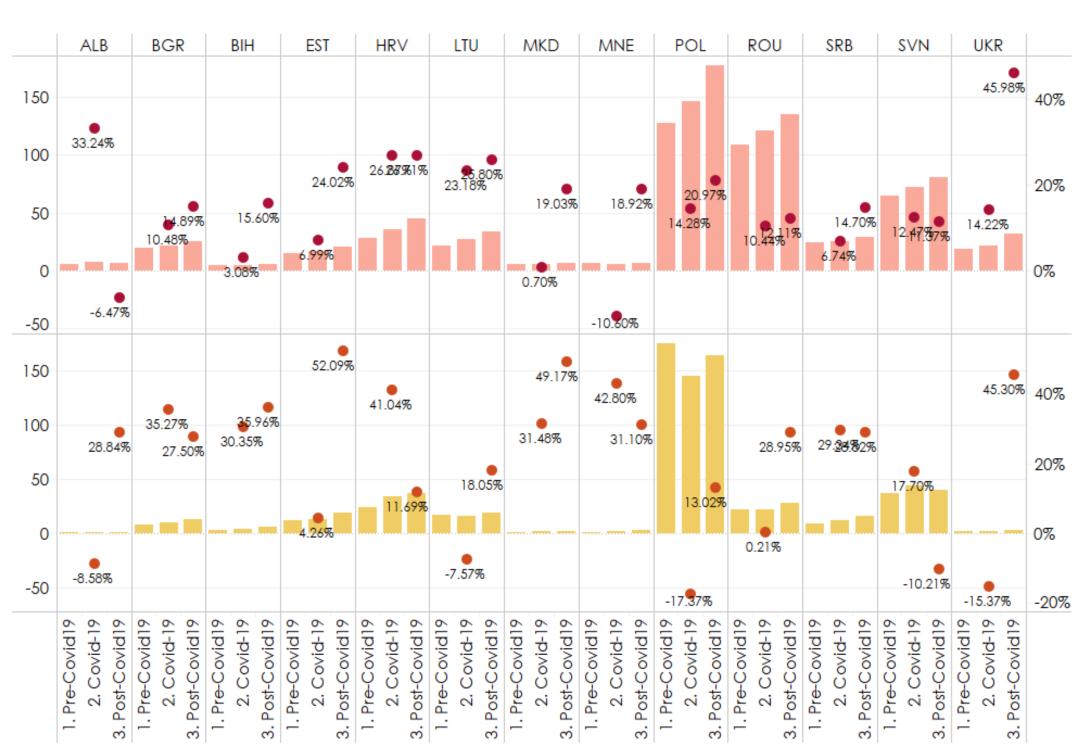
- The MTPL still dominates in the South
- The share of life lines drops from almost 1/2 to 1/3 in the CEE EU
- The post-pandemic rise of the health insurance, especially in the South



## The claims

#### Average claims per insurer

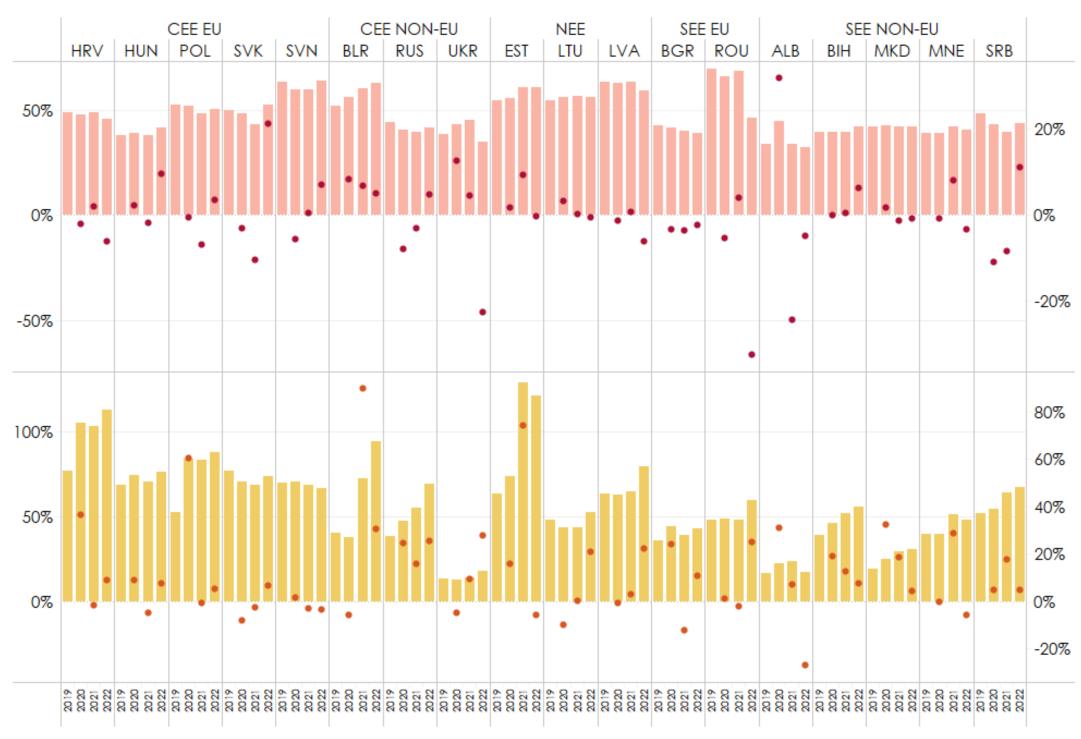
- The post-pandemic spike in claims-paid
  - The lowest spikes in the non-life segment observed for Romania and
- Slovenia (even negative for Albania); Croatia, Lithuania and Ukraine, most heavily impacted
- Even larger spikes in the life segment; The SEE insurers "suffered" the most



#### Measure Names

- Average claims per insurer (EUR) (life) (left axis)
- Average claims per insurer (EUR) (non-life) (left axis)
- Percentage change (average claims life) (right axis)
- Percentage change (average claims non-life) (right axis)

## Claim to GWP ratio 2019 - 2022

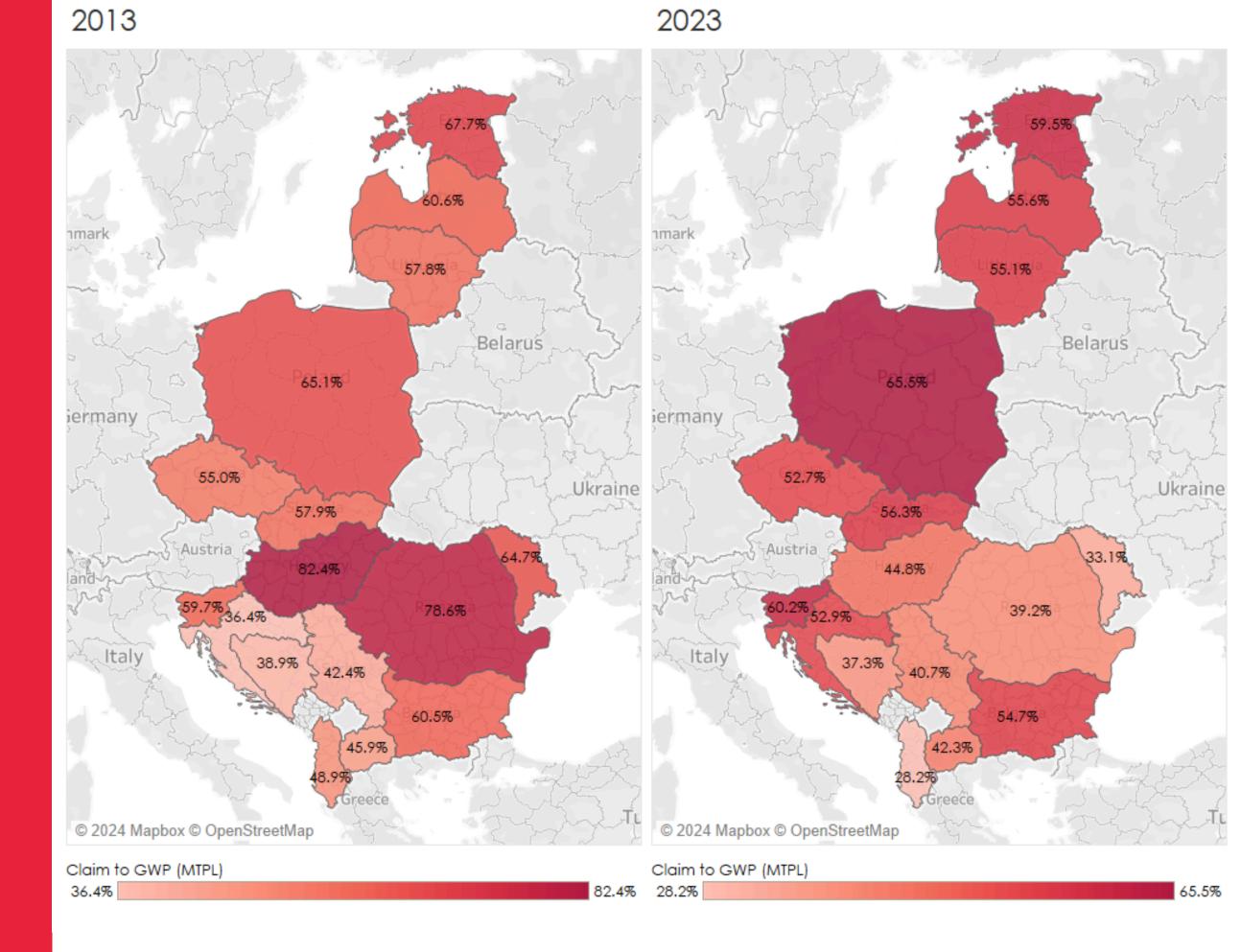


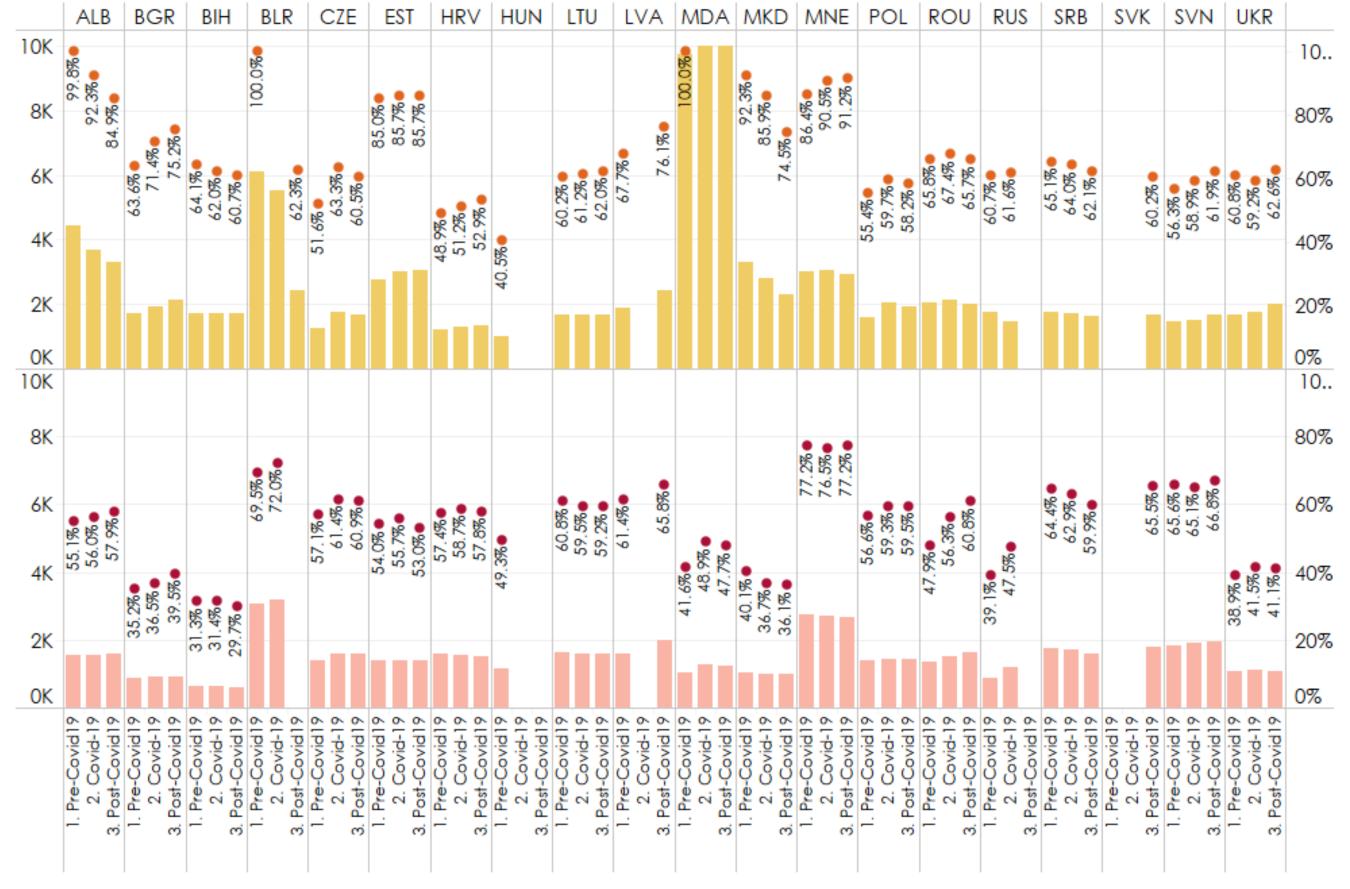
- Non-life: Increasing tendencies in
- the CEE markets, while decreasing in the SEE markets
  - Non-life: Significantly lower post-
- pandemic ratios for Bulgaria and Romania
- Life: Increasing tendencies across all markets
- Life: Over 100% in Croatia and Estonia

- Average Claim to GWP (life) (left axis)
- Average Claim to GWP (non-life) (left axis)
- Percentage change (life C/GWP) (right axis)
- Percentage change (non-life C/GWP) (right axis)

## MTPL Claim to GWP

- The ratio range is lower across Eastern Europe
- Favorable ratios for Albania, Hungary, Moldova and Romania
- Worse ratio for Croatia





## Market concent-ration

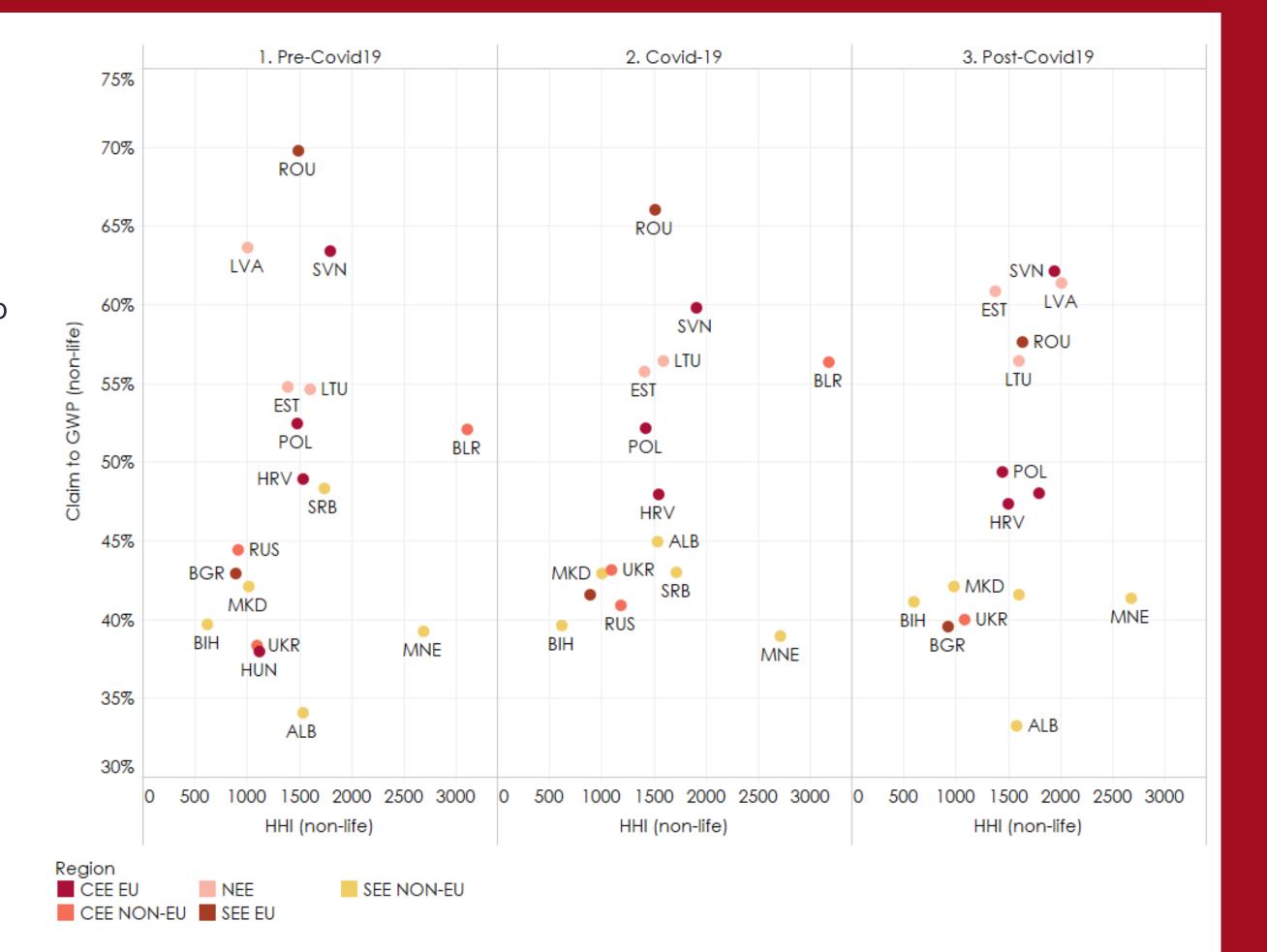
- Non-life: without significant changes (exception: Romania Top 3 from 48% to 61%
  - Life: Albania, Belarus and Macedonia with more competitive markets
- Life: Rise in the market concentration in Bulgaria

#### Measure Names

- Average HHI (life) (left axis)
- Average HHI (non-life) (left axis)
- Average share of Top 3 (life) (right axis)
- Average share of Top 3 (non-life) (right axis)

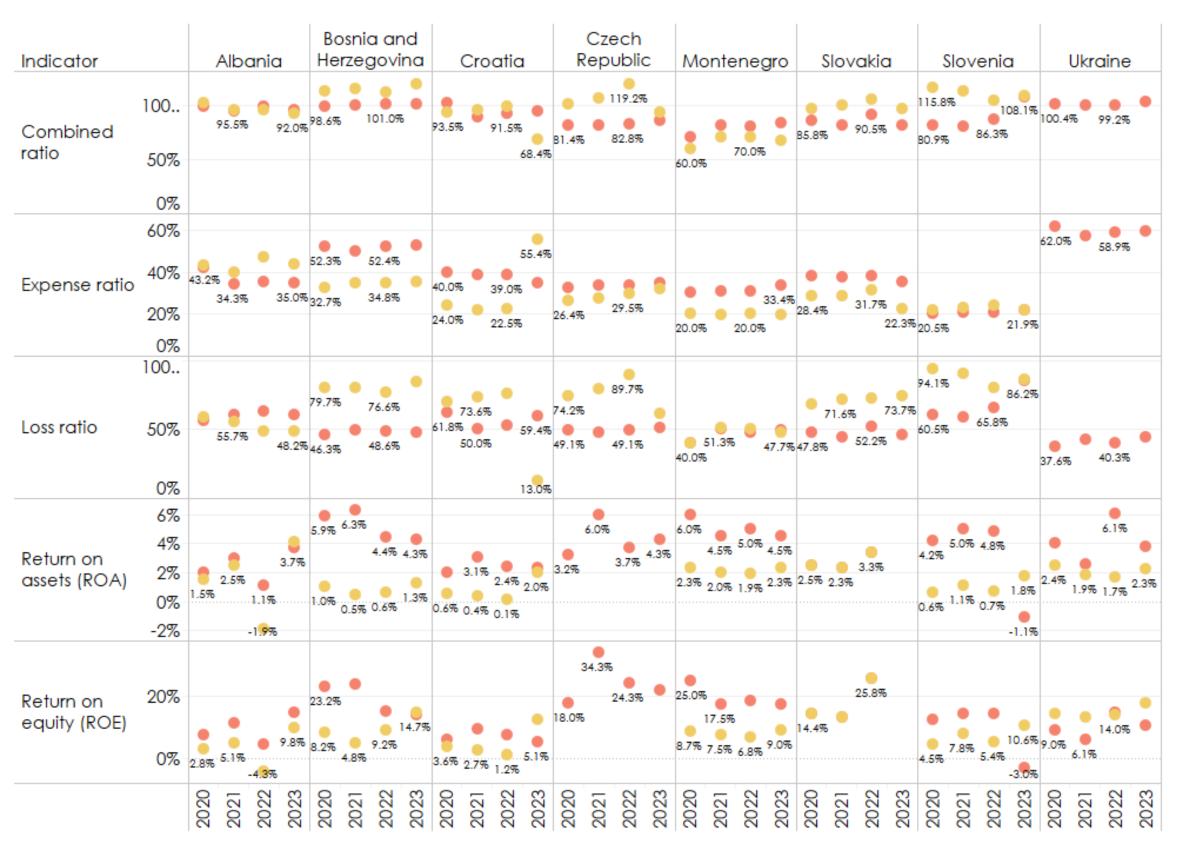
## Concentration vs. efficiency

- Non-life: NEE with rising Claim to GWP ratios, while CEE EU with decreasing ratios
- The post-pandemic dispersion in the Claim to GWP ratios is lower
- Efficiency loss?



### **Profitability dynamics**

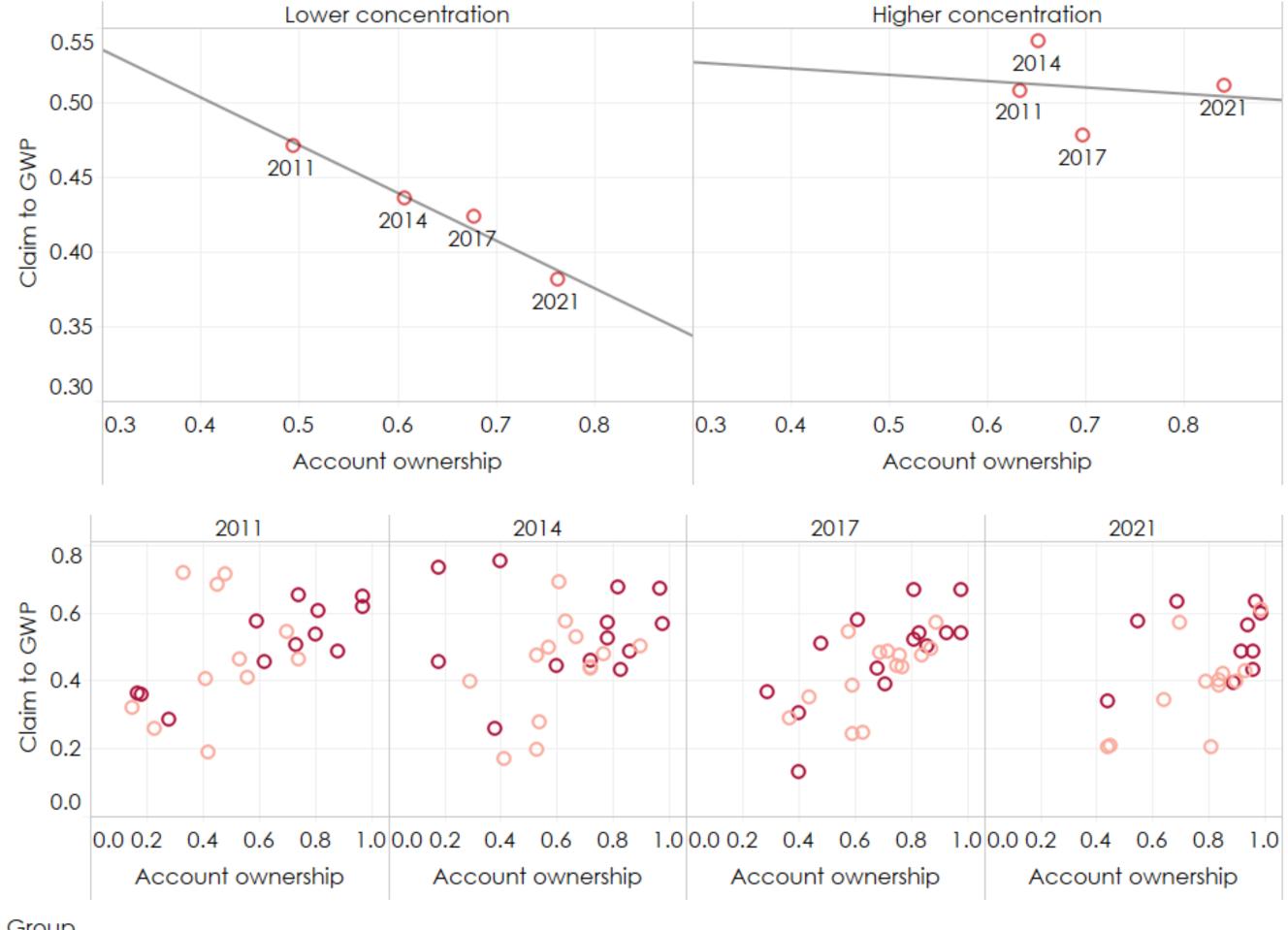
(Selected countries)



- Higher fluctuations in the non-life segment; but also higher profitability there
- Efficiency improvement in Croatia (non-life); Deteriorated profitability in Slovenia (non-life)
- The case of Albania: The profitability driven by inefficiencies in the life, and by claims in the non-life

### **Financial** inclusion and underwriting performance

- Stabilising effects of financial inclusion
- Competition reinforces positive effects of financial inclusion on performance
- Policy implications: reduce demand-side deficiencies: insurance education and insurance culture; reduce supply-side deficiencies: adapted insurance contracts, insurance trust, careful consolidation

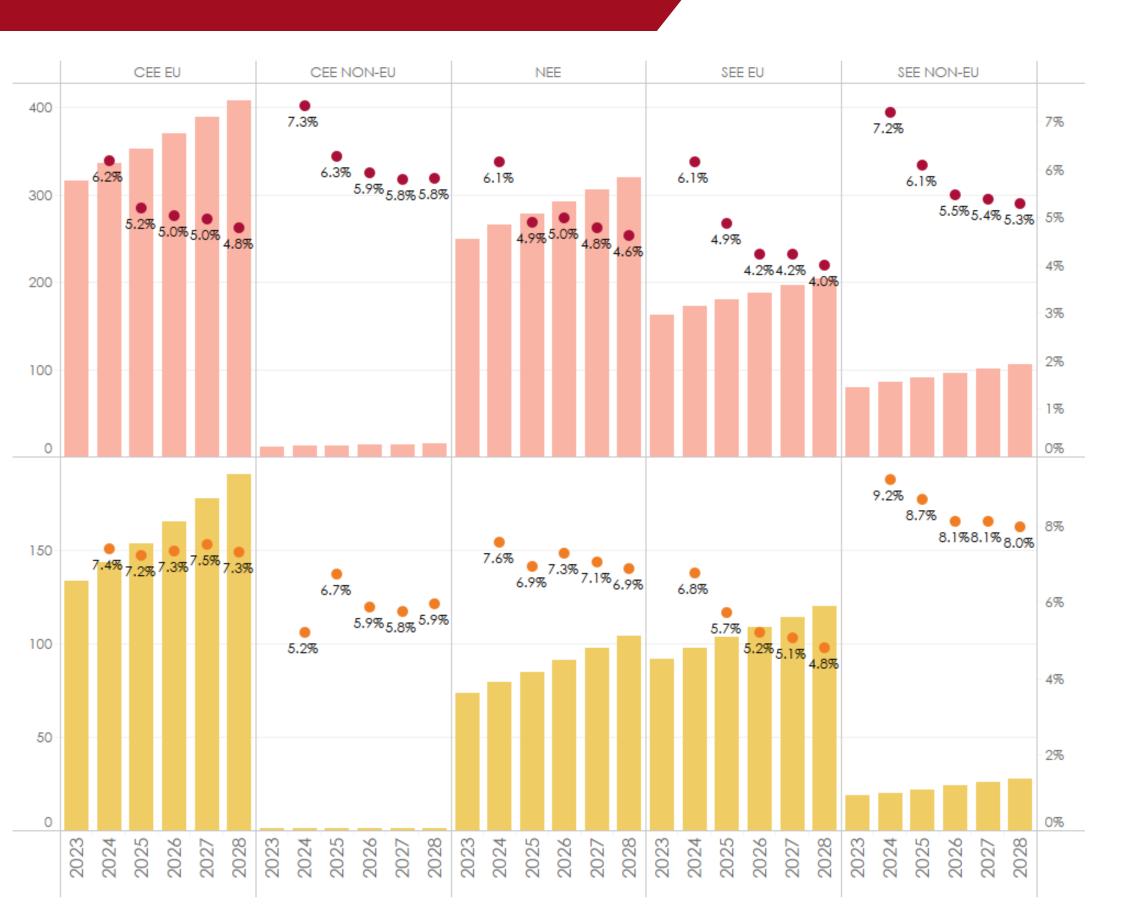


#### Group

- Lower concentration
- Higher concentration

### Macrooutlook 2024 - 2028

Non-life premiums per capita (inflation-adjusted) Life premiums per capita (inflation-adjusted)



- Based on IMF estimates on GDP growth and inflation dynamics
- Non-life: Higher growth rates expected for Non-EU markets
- Life: Higher growth rates expected for CEE EU and SEE NON-EU

### Wrap up

## Thank you for your attention!



FIAR - THE INTERNATIONAL INSURANCE-REINSURANCE FORUM

- The SEE non-life insurance markets with
- strong post-pandemic growth, however slower than the growth of their economies
- The CEE and NEE life insurance markets struggling in the post-pandemic period
- Rising importance of health insurance on the South
- The inflation still puts pressure on the growth of claims-paid in some countries
- Market concentration remains stable across markets
  - No systematic tendencies of efficiency
- losses; the role of inclusion in improving profitability